

Formler m.m. till ämnesprovet i matematik, årskurs 9

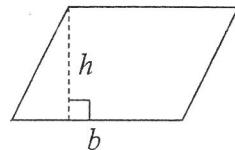
PREFIX

Beteckning Namn	T tera	G giga	M mega	k 10^3	h 10^2	d 10^{-1}	c 10^{-2}	m milli	μ 10^{-6}	n 10^{-9}
Tiopotens	10^{12}	10^9	10^6							

GEOMETRI

Parallellogram

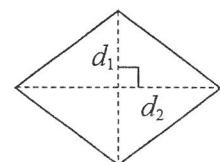
$$\text{area} = b \cdot h$$



Romb

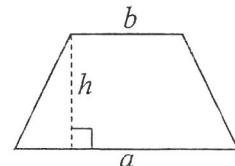
$$\text{area} = \frac{d_1 \cdot d_2}{2}$$

d_1 och d_2 är diagonaler



Paralleltrapets

$$\text{area} = \frac{h(a+b)}{2}$$

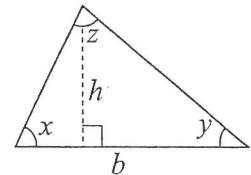


Triangel

$$\text{area} = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$$

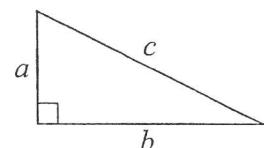
vinkelsumma =

$$x + y + z = 180^\circ$$



Pythagoras sats

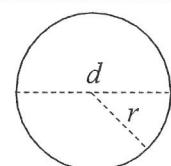
$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$



Cirkel

$$\text{area} = \pi \cdot r^2$$

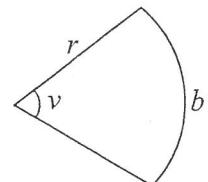
$$\text{omkrets} = \pi \cdot d = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot r$$



Cirkelsektor

$$\text{bågen } b = \frac{\nu}{360} \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot r$$

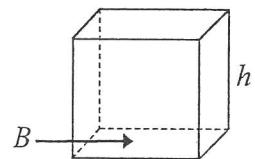
$$\text{area} = \frac{\nu}{360} \cdot \pi \cdot r^2 = \frac{b \cdot r}{2}$$



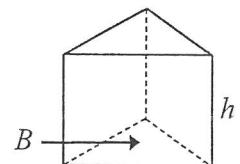
Var god vänd!

Rätblock

volym = $B \cdot h$

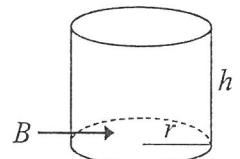
**Prisma**

volym = $B \cdot h$

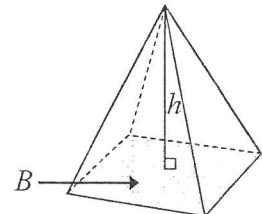
**Cylinder***Rak cirkulär cylinder*

volym = $B \cdot h$

mantelarea = $2 \cdot \pi \cdot r \cdot h$

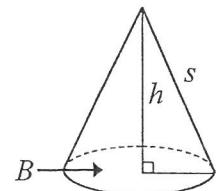
**Pyramid**

volym = $\frac{B \cdot h}{3}$

**Kon***Rak cirkulär kon*

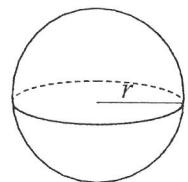
volym = $\frac{B \cdot h}{3}$

mantelarea = $\pi \cdot r \cdot s$

**Klot**

volym = $\frac{4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^3}{3}$

area = $4 \cdot \pi \cdot r^2$

**Skala**

areaskala = (längdskala)²

volymskala = (längdskala)³

SAMBAND**Räta linjen**

$y = kx + m$

om $y = kx$ är y proportionell mot x **POTENSER**För alla tal x och y och positiva tal a gäller

$$a^x \cdot a^y = a^{x+y}$$

$$\frac{a^x}{a^y} = a^{x-y}$$

$$(a^x)^y = a^{xy}$$

$$a^{-x} = \frac{1}{a^x}$$

$$a^0 = 1$$